What is the primary role of a geriatric caregiver?

A) Performing surgeries

B) Providing care and assistance to elderly patients

C) Conducting medical research

D) Managing hospital finances

Answer: B

Which skill is most important for a geriatric caregiver?

A) Effective communication

B) Financial accounting

C) Computer programming

D) Mechanical repair

Answer: A

How should a geriatric caregiver handle a patient's refusal to take medication?

A) Force the patient to take it

B) Ignore the refusal

C) Report to the healthcare provider and try to understand the patient's concerns

D) Dispose of the medication

Answer: C

What should a geriatric caregiver do if a patient falls?

A) Ignore the fall

B) Help the patient up immediately without assessing for injuries

C) Stay with the patient, call for medical help, and ensure they are safe

D) Scold the patient for being careless

Answer: C

Why is it important for a geriatric caregiver to understand a patient's medical history?

A) To impress the patient

B) To provide tailored and effective care

C) To reduce their own workload

D) To increase hospital profits

Answer: B

What should a geriatric caregiver do if they notice a change in a patient's health condition?

A) Ignore it and hope it gets better

B) Report the change to the healthcare provider immediately

C) Wait until the next scheduled visit

D) Tell another patient about it

Answer: B

How can a geriatric caregiver help prevent bedsores in bedridden patients?

A) Avoid moving the patient

B) Encourage the patient to stay in one position

C) Regularly reposition the patient and ensure clean, dry bedding

D) Limit the patient's fluid intake

Answer: C

What is a common sign of dehydration in elderly patients?

A) Increased appetite

B) Dry mouth and dark urine

C) Excessive sweating

D) High energy levels

Answer: B

Which of the following activities can help maintain mobility in elderly patients?

A) Bed rest

B) Gentle exercises and walking

C) Complete immobility

D) Restricting movement

Answer: B

What is the best way to communicate with a hearing-impaired elderly patient?

A) Shouting

B) Speaking slowly and clearly, and using written communication if necessary

C) Ignoring them

D) Speaking rapidly

Answer: B

How should a geriatric caregiver assist a patient with eating?

A) Force-feeding

B) Providing assistance as needed and ensuring a comfortable eating environment

C) Ignoring the patient's preferences

D) Restricting food intake

Answer: B

What should a geriatric caregiver do if a patient expresses feelings of loneliness?

A) Ignore the feelings

B) Encourage social interaction and spend time talking with the patient

C) Tell the patient to get over it

D) Limit the patient's interaction with others

Answer: B

Which of the following is important in maintaining a safe environment for elderly patients?

A) Keeping the room cluttered

B) Ensuring proper lighting and removing tripping hazards

C) Ignoring the patient's mobility issues

D) Encouraging the patient to stay in bed all day

Answer: B

How can a geriatric caregiver assist a patient with personal hygiene?

A) By providing necessary assistance and respecting the patient's dignity and preferences

B) By forcing the patient to follow a strict hygiene routine

C) By ignoring the patient's personal hygiene needs

D) By limiting the patient's access to hygiene products

Answer: A

What is an important aspect of emotional support for elderly patients?

A) Ignoring their emotional needs

B) Providing companionship and listening to their concerns

C) Discouraging them from expressing their feelings

D) Focusing only on physical care

Answer: B